The Colorado Springs Gazette

AND EL PASO COUNTY NEWS.

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THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE,
AND EL PASO COUNTY NEWS,
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A. H. BARRETT, Scribe. JOSEPH DOZIER, C. P.

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Passenger Train.		*Passenger Train.*	
Arrive	[illegible] P. M.	Arrive	10:50 A. M.
Leave	[illegible] P. M.	Leave	10:55 A. M.
Way Freight.		*Way Freight.*	
Arrive	[illegible] A. M.	Arrive	2:10 P. M.
Leave	[illegible] A. M.	Leave	2:35 P. M.

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I buy my goods for cash in the Eastern market, and am selling as cheap as can be bought in Denver.

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I also keep constantly on hand a full line of Patent Medicines and Fancy Goods, consisting of Fancy Soap, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, and other things too numerous to mention.

[illegible]

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Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS.
Will receive, store, and forward Freight to all Points in the Mountains, and take charge of all consignments of Ore and other shipments FROM the Mountains.
jan11f

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DEALERS IN
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Office, in Iron Front Block, south room.
Repairing done and parts furnished at moderate cost.

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The trade supplied on favorable terms.
At the old stand, next door to El Paso County Bank.

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For good, fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, fresh and canned Fruit, Eggs, Butter, and Groceries,
ALSO,
[illegible]
Go to the Bakery on North Tejon street, above the First National Bank.
WM. BUSH, Proprietor.
Bread delivered daily at Colorado Springs and Manitou.

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IS YOUR TIME
TO BUY
CLOTHING!
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F. E. DOW
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Will offer for the next 60 days his entire stock at
A Great Reduction.
MANY ARTICLES AT
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OVERCOATS
AT ALMOST
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I wish to reduce my present stock as much as possible preparatory to opening in a larger room, in the Spring, with the finest stock ever brought to this market. All wishing to purchase anything in my line, will do well to examine my stock and learn prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

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First-Class, and Table equal to any in the City.
Parties from Manitou and surrounding country will find it a good place to get a meal.
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AND
[illegible]
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These houses, under one management, are the only first-class hotels in the city. The proprietor (late of the Villa Park Hotel, Denver,) will exert himself to give satisfaction to all guests.

The table will be equal to any in the State.

Rooms are all well furnished.

Special Rates for Families.

Commercial Sample Rooms on first floor.

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The Schuttler Wagon takes the lead wherever used.
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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
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Will guarantee as good work and low prices as any other shop in the city.
Pike's Peak Av., East of True & Sutton's.
COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

A GLIMPSE OF YOUTH.

Maiden, I thank thee for thy face,
Thy sweet, shy glance of conscious eyes;
For, from thy beauty and thy grace,
My life has won a glad surprise.

I met thee on the crowded street—
A load of care on heart and brain—
And, for a moment, bright and fleet,
The vision made me young again.

And then I thought, as on I went,
And struggled through the thronging ways,
How every age's complement
The age that follows overlays.

The youth upon the child shuts down;
Young manhood closes over youth;
And ripe old age is but the crown
That keeps them both in changeless truth.

So, every little child I see,
With brow and spirit undefiled,
And simple faith and frolic glee,
Finds still in me another child.

Toward every brave and careless boy
Whose lusty shout or call I hear,
The boy within me springs with joy
And rings an echo to its cheer!

What was it, when thy face I saw,
That moved my spirit like a breeze,
Responsive to the primal law
Of youth's entrancing harmonies?

Ah! little maid—so sweet and shy—
Building each day thy fair romance—
Thou didst not dream a youth passed by,
When I returned thee glance for glance!

For all my youth is still my own,
Bound in the volume of my age,—
And breath from thee hath only blown
The leaves back to the golden page!

—*Scribner for January.*

AN EXPOSITION FOR THE BOYS.

The Juvenile Industrial Exhibition which it is proposed to hold next year at Ballarat, Australia, under the auspices of the Government of Victoria, seems to us to be worthy of imitation here. It is to be a grand show gotten up with all the paraphernalia of International Exhibitions, but its exhibitors must be under twenty-one years, or else apprentices not out of their indentures, whatever their age. There are twenty-four classes covering all kinds of exhibits from machinery to poems, and special prizes are announced. It would be an excellent plan to undertake something of the kind here. To make it a National affair would of course render it too ponderous, but such a show might easily be carried out in a single State.

The boys often do capital work, and they get little public encouragement, as they are usually employed under other people who absorb the glory to themselves. The boys can invent, besides, and well, for many have come to this office as applicants for patents. We know also that the *Scientific American* finds some of its staunchest supporters and steadiest subscribers among the youngsters.

Let us have expositions of what the boys and girls can do, to be held say next summer. It would be a capital winter's work to organize these shows in every township, County or State.—*Scientific American.*

THE PHONOGRAPH.

It may be interesting to know just how that wonderful machine, the speaking phonograph, is constructed. Almost every one is now familiar with the mechanism of the telephone, and simple as that astonishing invention is, the phonograph is even less complicated. It consists of a cylinder four inches in diameter and ten inches long, upon a shaft. A spiral groove, like the thread of a screw, is cut in the surface of the cylinder from end to end, and the same kind of a screw is cut in the shaft carrying it. Over this cylinder is secured a sheet of paper or tinfoil. Immediately opposite the cylinder, on an upright arm, is a speaking tube, one end of which is closed by a diaphragm. In the center of the diaphragm is a small point, like that of a pin, arranged so as to be exactly opposite the grooves upon the cylinder. When the cylinder is set in motion it rotates, and at the same time moves endwise. If while rotating, a person utters a sentence in front of the tube the movement of the diaphragm causes the point upon it to indent the tinfoil, so that for every movement of the diaphragm the point indents the foil. If the movement is great a deep indenture will be made, and thus every movement of the diaphragm is accurately recorded by indentations in the foil. To produce the sounds all that is necessary is to turn the cylinder back to its original position and start again, the point upon the diaphragm, riding in and out of the indentations, sets it in motion and thus reproduces all the original movement.

SUCCESS IN BREEDING FINE STOCK.

It is folly for a man to think of becoming a successful breeder of live stock unless he takes a pride in the business and likes the stock he is raising. To be successful he must become enamored with the business. He must feel nearly the same interest in his stock that he does in the members of his family. He must always have a kind word for them, and feel a lively interest in their comfort and well-being. He must provide for their wants, pet them, cultivate an acquaintance with them. He must be ambitious to excel in raising the very best specimens, and hence must procure the choicest animals as breeders. He must have his business "on the brain," give it his chief attention, study how to excel in it, post himself in regard to it by taking the best papers devoted to it. If he will do this his future as a breeder is bright and promising.—*Colman's Rural World.*

The Russians went into Constantinople to scream harem.

GERMAN BRAIN AND MUSCLE.

On the military lists of the German Empire 1,055,000 men are inscribed. Of these as many as 398,000 have their names set down in a black list as having failed to observe the law of compulsory military service, and 190,000 of these have gone out of the way of it by emigrating. One in eight able-bodied Germans has resolved to quit his Fatherland rather than stop at home and share the prevailing poverty and enforced military service which his nation has to endure. In this manner Germany loses much of the muscle and brain of her young men. In this manner, however, the United States gains annually many good citizens. Heretofore the great prairie States of the West have been more especially benefited by this migration, but in the new order of things the South may reasonably hope to see in the next few years many thrifty and frugal Rhinelanders added to her population. Cities grow up and States become powerful wherever the German has made his home.—*Manufacturer and Merchant.*

CHEAP TELEGRAPHING IN EUROPE.

Under a treaty, signed December 11, 1877, in Berlin, between Germany and France, telegrams sent from either country to the other will be charged for at the rate of 20 c. or 16 pf. per word. The treaty went into operation January 1, and involving the entire abolition of the twenty words system, and reducing the charge, it places the telegram within reach of the slenderest purse. Henceforth a telegram of two words may be sent from Paris to Berlin, or from Bordeaux to Hamburg, at an outlay of 40 c.; five words will entail an expense of 1 fr.; ten words will cost 2 fr., and so forth.

Should this arrangement answer—as may be confidently expected from the large number of telegrams which admit of being compressed into a few words—the charge under a supplementary clause of the treaty, will be reduced to 15 c., or 12 pf. per word. A similar tariff, based upon the pure word principal, already regulates the telegraphic intercourse of Germany with Switzerland, Denmark, and Sweden, and went into operation on the 1st ult., between Germany and Holland. Negotiations with a view to this end have been opened by Germany with Austria and Belgium.

Unfortunately, the charge for telegraphic communication between England and Germany remains as high as ever. Twenty words from Berlin to London cost four times as much as from Berlin to Paris under the new treaty.—*Coal Trade Journal.*

EMPLOYMENT FOR WOMEN.

The subject of the employment of women is as vital to the rich as to the poor. Mr. Emerson's remark with regard to the regulation of the body holds equally for the soul—he who is rich, and would be well, let him live as if he were poor. We talk of the lazy poor because they are a burden to the community; are not the lazy rich, after all, the rottenness at the core? "Every woman, from the Queen on the throne to the little Pippa who passes every day to the filature, has her work to do, and is responsible for the due performance of it. All service ranks the same with God. All are servants equally in His sight."

What a picture would the life of the average woman of Fifth Avenue or Beacon Street present to us if we should lay it down without exaggeration on paper! Her school days over, it is her habit to walk into the breakfast-room at nine o'clock, just from her bed, her front hair twisted over pins or bits of silk. She lounges, reading the newspaper, chatting with others as purposeless as herself, warming her feet or gazing out of window, until eleven; then she retires to arrange her toilet for the evening, perhaps to examine clean clothes from the wash, or perform some other household duty—duties not to be omitted, but which the economical woman (one who has learned the value of time) would have completed before the day began; then she dresses for afternoon calls, and, list in hand, descends to the lunch table. Here nearly another hour faces away before she begins her afternoon round, flitting from house to house, cheerfully chatting of the *Shaughraun*, Nilsson, Kellogg—of every thing, in short, which concerns the shows of life, but careful as one walking over pitfalls to avoid every subject of vital interest either to herself or others. Then, the visits or drive ended, she hurries home in season to dress for dinner, and go somewhere afterward, as if to exhaust to the last drop her own vital strength and the hours of the day. This little record is not overdrawn. With certain modifications, this is the substance of the life of the wives and daughters of well-to-do merchants in our cities. These days are varied by certain mornings given to music and others to painting. But how small the average of those who achieve anything worth doing! A man to be a painter must not paint with half his mind. The same law holds good of the woman.

Let every woman apply to her own life the doctrine of selection. The man is bred to this. What is your son going to be? parents are asked, and boys in the public school confide to each other the profession of their choice. No one asks the girl what is to be her employment, what she is preparing for. The days of her pleasant school-life glide by one after another; frequently no accurate scholarship has been required of her; and when the routine stops, she is without rudder and without aim.—*Harper's Magazine for March.*

WATER SUPPLY OF NEW YORK CITY.

From the report of the Department of Public Works of this city, Mr. Allan Campbell, C. E., Commissioner, it appears that the total amount expended for works, structures, acqueducts, pipes, etc., connected with the water supply for the city, including maintenance and repairs, from the period of its inception in 1842 to October 1, 1877, has been $34,692,103.73; the total revenue $30,105,338.80. Cost over revenue, $4,586,762.93. The growth of the city has rendered an increase in the size and arrangement of the distributing mains necessary. Under a recent contract, straight pipe of the very best quality has been procured at $22.75 per ton of 2,240 pounds, probably the lowest price at which such pipe was ever brought to the city. This unexampled low price of iron pipe makes it very desirable that the necessary additions and alterations should be made at the present time. Small mains of former years will in course of time be replaced by large ones on the principal streets and avenues, and in connection therewith a sufficient number of fire hydrants will be added. The report maintains that the supply from the Croton River system, including the Housatonic River, is the proper mode to be pursued. This plan contemplates an additional aqueduct, when increasing population shall have taxed the present one to its fullest capacity.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

INLAND POSTAGE.

Letters, prepaid by stamps, 3 cents each ½ ounce, or fraction thereof, to all parts of the United States; forwarded to another postoffice without charge, on request of the person addressed; if not called for, returned to the writer free, if indorsed with that request. If the stamp is omitted, the letter is forwarded to the dead letter office, and returned to the writer. *For registering* letters, the charge is 10 cents additional. *Drop* or *local* letters, 2 cents each ½ ounce, prepaid. Stamped *postal cards*, furnished only by Government, 1 cent each; if anything else is pasted on a postal card, letter postage is charged. Postage on all *newspapers* and *periodicals*, sent from newspaper offices to any part of the United States, to regular subscribers, must be paid in advance at the office of mailing.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

To France, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, (including Iceland and the Faroe Islands), Egypt, Spain (including the Balearic Isles, the Canary Islands, the Spanish possessions on the northern coast of Africa, and the postal establishments of Spain upon the western coast of Morocco), Great Britain (including the Island of Malta), Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal (including Madeira and the Azores), Roumania, Russia, Finland, Servia, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey, for prepaid letters, 5 cents per ½ ounce. Unpaid letters 10 cents. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, not over 4 ounces, 2 cents each. Books, other printed matter, patterns, legal documents, photographs, etc., 2 cents for each 2 ounces. Registration fee on all correspondence, 10 cents.—*Illinois Legal Adviser.*

PROFESSOR HAYDEN'S EXPLORATIONS.

We have received from Professor Hayden a preliminary report of the field work done in the Territories, and it is to be gathered that the volume which hereafter will be published must be of uncommon interest, and especially so to the general reader, for the reason that accounts are given of a great many valleys capable of cultivation. For instance, we are informed that the Green River division that was under the direction of Mr. Henry Gannett, embracing about 11,000 square miles, lying in parts of Wyoming, Utah, and Idaho, presents many fruitful valleys, broad and beautiful, covered with grasses, and shaded by magnificent groves of cottonwood, all of great value for agriculture, while the cattle range, covered with bunch grass is so immense that vast herds of cattle can be kept.

This region is not more than 300 miles from our town of Greeley. Accounts are given of a great many more valleys covering a vast extent of country, and it would seem that we are now to have authentic reports of the agricultural resources of this great interior. At the same time, it must be manifest that only a partial survey has been made, and that much unfinished work is of necessity left for future times.

The conclusion to be reached by the comparative geographer is, that this vast interior is similar to Persia in soil, climate, elevation, and agricultural conditions; that it is equally capable of supporting many people, and that in addition it embraces an area as great as lies between Constantinople and the river Indus on the one hand, and of Siberia and the Indian Ocean on the other—that is, equal to Turkey, Armenia, Palestine, Arabia, Persia, Afghanistan, Independent Tartary, and Chinese Tartary. It is evident that Professor Hayden's parties have only been able to give us "specimen," so to speak, of this wild country, for in fact only a small portion has been examined, since Arizona and Nevada have not even been visited.—*Greeley Tribune.*

An orator once remarked that fortune always knocked once at every man's door, when an old Irishman remarked: "When she knocked at mine I must have been out."

The Milky Way—from the cow shed to the pump.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE
AND EL PASO COUNTY NEWS.

MARCH 2, 1878.

Official Paper of the City of Colorado Springs

Great preparations are being made in Memphis for the celebration of Mardi Gras. A large number of visitors are arriving in that city to witness and take part in these festivities.

A bill has been introduced in Congress by Mr Southard, proposing an amendment to the constitution, which provides that we shall hereafter have three Presidents, elected for six years and forever ineligible for a second term. To be sure these law makers in Washington must amuse themselves in some way, but one President seems to give trouble enough—how would three be managed?

The season which out of courtesy to the calendar we call Winter is about over. We have endured the hardships of this season with becoming propriety, have lighted our fires, opened our doors and windows, and gone picnicking in the mountain sides and in the canons, our wise ones having only spent an occasional day indoors as a variety from the "monotonous sunshine." Overcoats and warm wraps have been in readiness in case of a drive, sun hats have held their own in spite of conventionalities, [illegible] Coloradans never put this most useful of head coverings out of reach. Out doors [illegible] here that there is small hope of [illegible] women rising to the pre-eminence in housekeeping which distinguishes their sisters in stormy New England, that is, if to keep [illegible] lives keeping in the house. But certainly it is necessary to encourage cabinet makers and carpet makers and upholsterers, and [illegible] and all that sort of thing, and one must have [illegible] place to keep them [illegible] grand army of so-called help who [illegible] increasingly to make us uncomfortable [illegible] our digestion they [illegible] rewarded for their services. [illegible] unencumbered [illegible] which if not in every case [illegible] useful, are generally speaking, ornamental [illegible] we have them must be [illegible] as it will require a [illegible] ingenuity in our houses to counteract the out door attractions. How dreadful it would be if we should follow the example of [illegible] who, when towns [illegible], refused to inhabit them [illegible] their tents outside. Now how [illegible] among us who in their [illegible] sympathy with these savages. From every quarter we hear that [illegible] number of summer [illegible] travel in this direction has already commenced. Now let us tidy up [illegible] our houses [illegible] that we live in them [illegible] matter until the [illegible] enough with [illegible] they will certainly need during [illegible] the lower part of their [illegible] times strong [illegible]. If partaking [illegible] after them [illegible] or if they have [illegible] one unusually [illegible]. They had better not make [illegible] turning to the land from [illegible] there is a magnetic [illegible] and many yield where each returning morning filled with health and freshness gives the greeting [illegible].

NEW MEXICO

Ever since 1540 when Nuño de Guzman, the then President of New Spain, was tempted by the marvelous tales told him by his Indian slave, to travel northward in search of lost cities and untold treasure, from Mexico—both that and what we call New Mexico—come reports, often contradictory but always attractive, with rich veins of gold silver and precious stones threading all these stories.

Eight years after Nuño de Guzman not having the true spirit of adventure, baffled by the obstacles he encountered, turned back, Coronado began his wonderful march. The accounts of this read like a fairy tale, and we picture this brave Spaniard pressing on despite of fatigue and danger, supported by hope, the birthright of an enthusiastic nature, battling successfully with savage tribes penetrating as far north as the fortieth degree of latitude, occupying two years on this march, and only turning back through a superstitious belief in a calamity which should come upon him after a certain fall from his horse. On his return he told of the rich soil, of the rivers and mountains he had seen, and of the then old cities and ruins he had found.

Later and more practical, though scarcely less adventurous surveys of this section, while they have reduced accounts to facts and figures, have detracted nothing, have rather added to, the interest felt. Colorado, the newly christened portion of New Mexico, has substantiated her claim to being one of the most salubrious and richest portions of America, has drawn to herself a population whose presence assures, compels continued growth and prosperity.

New Mexico proper comprises an area of 121,200 square miles, or nearly 27¾ millions of acres, five millions of which is timber land, the timber being of excellent quality. This vast area is drained by numerous rivers, by means of which the country can be successfully irrigated. The Rio Grande is the Nile of this Territory. The extent of this valley within the Territory being 350 miles north and south, with an average width of 110 miles. Wheat and Indian corn grow well in this valley, although the best wheat districts are the Mora and Taos Valleys, the latter said to be capable of producing sufficient wheat for the whole Territory.

The valley of the Rio Grande is both in climate and soil peculiarly adapted to grape culture. All fruits grow well, but it is claimed that this is one of the finest grape-growing districts in the world. There is no danger from severe frosts, rains do not occur at seasons when the vine is flowering, or the fruit maturing. The skin of the grape grown here is thin, and the grape contains very little pulp, and is free from the musky taste peculiar to the American grape. The wine made from it is of excellent flavor.

Some of the valleys of this Territory are without tree or shrub, covered with a rich, nutritious grass. Thousands of sheep and cattle can find natural pasturage, and stock raising can be carried on successfully and at small expense, no winter feeding being necessary. In many places the soil is overlaid with a marl, which gives to it a barren appearance, but which immediately upon irrigation proves to be most fertile. Among the natural productions are the hop, which grows luxuriously, the bear grass from which rope, shoemakers' thread, and gunny sacks are made, the soap weed, or yucca, whose popular name indicates the use made of it by the natives, but which will undoubtedly be found useful in many ways when better known. In the Gila River Valley is found the mesquite, or screwbean tree. From the bean of this tree the Mexicans make a flour, from which they make a palatable bread. These beans are also valuable as food for horses. The gum of the tree is similar to gum arabic. The wood is durable, with a grain like the walnut, giving an intense heat when used as fire wood. The roots furnish an immense amount of fire wood, burning completely to ashes, whether green or dead, the dead roots being a natural charcoal. Of course, as the soil contains no moisture, these roots never decay in the ground. The fact that this is one of the few sections which have tempted the Indians to agricultural or pastoral pursuits, that for so many years these pursuits have been persisted in notwithstanding the isolated condition of the country, what may we not expect when this section shall be brought into direct communication with the world, shall be peopled by an industrious, cultivated class, creating a large home market for all its numerous productions, and with facilities for the exportation of the surplus?

SUCCESSFUL ORGANIZATION.

We congratulate the wool growers of El Paso County upon their splendid success in making a permanent organization on Saturday last.

The croakers have at last been most signally discomfited, and those who knew so little of the spirit of the wool growers making their homes upon their ranches out upon the boundless prairie as to predict that they could not be persuaded to attend a meeting for organization, will not, on the face of the facts of Saturday last, venture again into the role of prophets.

The ranchmen were not only here, but in numbers such as was never before seen in Colorado Springs, and not only here, but for business as the full report of the proceedings as reported by their secretary, Mr Stubbs, in another column, will convince the most skeptical, and had it not been for the threatened storm of Friday we are assured many others would have been present, whose hearts are with the organization, and who we are assured will not fail to put in an appearance at the subsequent meetings.

A better move could not have been made than that of placing at the head of the association that veteran and successful ranchman and wool grower, Ivory Phillips. To have selected as presiding officer one from the city, no matter what his qualifications, we are persuaded would have been a mistake, for the ranchmen can now feel assured that the association will not be run in the interest of a town ring, but that they will be important factors in dictating the policy of the association. Of the other officers we need not speak, as they are well known residents of the city.

The resolution upon the subject of the tariff reduction is both timely and appropriate, and doubtless reflects the will of every enlightened wool grower of the county.

WAR NEWS.

Russia claims the surrender of the Turkish fleet, [illegible] demands an Egyptian tribute. This tribute has already been pledged to England as security for the interest on her Turkish loans. By existing terms between Turkey and the British Government Egypt now pays tribute directly to the Bank of England. While Russia is pressing Turkey to sign the conditions of peace the other European powers are urging her not to sign. Germany is counseling Russia to moderate her claims, which she refuses to do. Major General Sir Garnet Wolseley states that England was never so well prepared for war as now, being in a condition to put immediately into the field two fully equipped corps of more than 30,000 soldiers, leaving a similar force of regulars at home for reserve.

Communicated

REORGANIZATION OF THE CITY UNDER THE NEW INCORPORATION ACT

As the voters of the City of Colorado Springs will soon be called on to cast their ballots for or against this measure, it is well that they should be informed as to the law on the subject and the benefits that the city would derive therefrom:—

Session laws of the State of Colorado of 1876, page 914, article 10, of cities and towns.

SECTION 87. Any city, town, or village incorporated by special charter, or in any other manner than that provided by this act, may abandon its organization and organize itself under the provisions of this act, with the same territorial limits, by pursuing the course herein prescribed.

SEC. 88. Upon the petition of one eighth of a number equal to the whole number of votes cast at the last preceding annual election for city or town officers, and who are legal voters in any such city or town, to the council or trustees thereof, praying that the question of organizing under this act be submitted to the legal voters, the council or trustees shall immediately direct a special election to be held, at which such question shall be decided, specifying at the same time the time and place of holding the same, and appointing the judges and clerks of the election.

SEC. 89. The Mayor, or in case there is no Mayor, the presiding officer of the council or board of trustees, shall at once issue a proclamation giving notice of such election, of the question submitted to the electors, and of the time and place of holding the election, which proclamation shall be published for four consecutive weeks in some newspaper published in such city or town, and if there is none published therein, then such proclamation shall be published by posting a copy thereof in five public places within the corporate limits of such city or town, but such question shall not be submitted oftener than once in each year.

SEC. 90. At such election those who desire to vote in favor of organizing under this law shall deposit a ballot with the words "for municipal organization under the general law," those desiring to vote against organizing under this law shall deposit a ballot with the words "against municipal organization under the general law." The election shall be conducted in other respects as elections for the corporation officers are conducted under the old organization. The abstract of votes shall be returned to the city council or board of trustees, who shall canvass the same and declare the result, which shall be entered on the journal.

SEC. 91. If a majority of the votes cast at such election be in favor of organization under this act, the council or trustees shall immediately call a special election for the election of officers for such corporation according to its class, as defined by this act; and from and after the election and qualification of such officers the former organization of such city or town shall be considered as abandoned, and such city or town shall be considered as organized, and shall have all the rights and be subject to all the liabilities of the class to which it belongs, but the officers so elected shall hold their offices only until the next annual municipal election in such city or town.

These five articles cover all the ground in reference to the manner of petitioning the council to call an election, and the manner of holding the same.

The petition was presented to the City Council at their regular meeting on the 4th of February, and an election ordered to be held on the 4th day of March next, and a proclamation issued by the Mayor to that effect. Cities having a population of over two thousand and under fifteen thousand are termed cities of the second class, and our city comes under this head. The city council consists of a mayor, who is the presiding officer thereof, and one alderman from each ward. The mayor is elected annually, as is also the city treasurer. Aldermen are elected annually, one from each ward and serve for two years. If reorganization is carried there would be four aldermen in the board for the first year, and each year thereafter the board would consist of eight aldermen, four always holding over, and four new ones coming in. This is quite an important matter as there would always be a part of the old board in office, and who would be familiar with the municipal affairs of the city. Under our present organization, each year a new set of officers come into the board, and, unless some of the old board are re-elected, they are entirely unfamiliar with the duties of their office.

As they receive no compensation the increase in the number of alderman could not be objected to in a financial point of view.

Section 1, of the general laws of 1876, chapter one hundred, reads as follows:—

In cities and towns of not more than five thousand inhabitants, incorporated under the territorial laws of Colorado, or by special charter, the mayor and aldermen or the trustees in places having such officers shall not receive any compensation for services rendered by them as such mayor, aldermen, or trustees, unless the question of paying such mayor, president, aldermen, or trustees for their services shall first be submitted to the legal voters of such city or town, and unless a majority of those voting thereon shall vote in favor thereof, and all ordinances, resolutions, and other acts of the council or board of trustees of any such city or town authorizing or directing the payment of any compensation to any such officer or officers, shall be and remain utterly null and void, provided, that nothing herein contained shall apply to any police judge who shall act or officiate as president of any board of aldermen, selectmen, or trustees.

The only elective officers, as has been stated, are a mayor, one alderman from each ward, and a city treasurer.

In place of a constable and a city clerk being elected by the people as under the present law, the city council appoints their own clerk and also a city marshal, either of whom may be removed at pleasure. The latter officer performs constabular duties and such other duties as may be prescribed by the city council. In a city of the size of ours he could perform the duties of fire warden, and also of street commissioner, and his compensation would be considerably less than is now being paid our constable, street commissioner, and fire warden. The city treasurer could be appointed clerk of the board, and his salary as such treasurer and clerk should not be more than is now paid the city clerk. The council would have the right, as at present, to appoint a city solicitor. Also they could appoint a justice of the peace before whom all violations of the ordinances of the city would be tried.

Lastly, in regard to the revenue of the city from taxation. This is a matter that directly concerns tax payers, both as to the amount of taxes to be paid, and the convenience in paying them. It is made the duty of the County Assessor to assess the property of the city or town, and of the County Treasurer "to collect the city or town taxes in the same manner and at the same time as other taxes upon the same tax list are collected," see general laws, under the head of general taxes, pages 901-2.

The saving to the city under this plan will be about five per cent of the tax to be collected. Every tax payer will appreciate the convenience of being able to pay his taxes at one place and in one tax bill.

Now, about the matter of reorganization in connection with the question of a water supply for the city. There seems to be a great misunderstanding in the minds of many of our citizens in regard to the powers of the city council in the expenditure of money for water works. It is clearly provided in the statutes that before a bonded indebtedness can be incurred by a city or town, the question must first be submitted to the legal voters of such city or town, and a majority of the votes is necessary to carry the measure.

Section 14, division 6th "of the powers of city council and board of trustees," defines the purpose for which the council or trustees may contract an indebtedness on behalf of the city, by borrowing money or issuing bonds of such city or town, the amount of such indebtedness, and specifying the purposes for which the funds to be raised shall be applied, and the amount of the tax levy for payment of interest and principal of loan, except such debt as may be incurred in supplying the city or town with water. The amount of levy for this latter purpose must be sufficient to pay the interest on the amount of bonds issued and the expense of operating such water works, and after a given number of years, towards the payment of the principal. All questions of creating a debt must be by submitting the measure to the qualified voters of the city or town at a regular election of city officers, excepting for supplying such city or town with water, which latter question may be submitted to the voters at a general or special election.

Division 67 of section 14 reads:—

They shall have power to erect water works or gas works, or to authorize the erection of the same by others; but no such works shall be erected or authorized until a majority of the voters of the city or town voting on the question at a general or special election, by vote approve the same.

It has been stated that the City Council under the new law have the right to vote an unlimited amount for the purpose of supplying the city with water without submitting the matter to the voters of the city. This is clearly a mistake, as is shown by the language of the section above quoted, and by the language of section 6, of same act to which reference has also been made.

A full consideration of the question of reorganizing under the new law will plainly convince the voters of this city that the advantages to be gained are decidedly in favor of the measure, and that the petitioners to the City Council acted wisely in praying that it be submitted to the voice of the people at the polls.

The ladies of the Congregational Society request us to express their thanks to Messrs. Reed, Solly, and others of the "Fortnightly Club," for the use of stage properties, etc., on Thursday evening last; and also to thank Mr. A. E. Pratt for the kindly loan of articles from his establishment.

Mr. J. W. Morris has gone East, to return in a short time with his wife.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Greenough returned from their trip to South America on Thursday last.

Messrs. Harrison and Laws paid the capturers of Kawen and Miller a generous sum for their work.

The gross earnings of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway for the week ending February 21, 1878, were $13,538.17.

To-day is your last chance to be registered before the election, which takes place on Monday next. Don't fail to register.

Mr. John G. Stewart has left the store of Peter Mariani, and it will not be reopened until the owner returns, in the course of three weeks.

Music, literary entertainments, and refreshments served at the Presbyterian Sociable next Thursday at the church. Eyes, ears, and mouths will be feasted.

The Wool Growers' Association have, through the courtesy of Mr Banker, obtained the free use of a large, airy room in the Colorado Springs Hotel for their next and subsequent meetings.

Jerry McCarthy, Wm. Kawen, Joe Miller, J. W Chesnut, S. T. Murphy, and S. B. Dougherty were taken from here to the penitentiary at Cañon City on Tuesday morning by Sheriff Becker.

A temperance meeting will be held at the City Hall next Monday evening. An attractive programme will be presented. Meeting will begin at fourteen minutes past seven. Let every body be on time.

A gentleman of this city brought us in a bunch of daisies that he had picked close to town. They were in full bloom. This kind of thing only happens in Colorado. This is the only State where daisies bloom in the month of February.

The person who borrowed (without leave) from the County Library a book entitled "Country Homes," is warned to return the same without delay to save further trouble. There is also a demand for the book entitled "Mercy Philbrick's Choice," which is missing.

The Rev. J. K. Mendenhall will open an evening school on Monday evening, March 4, at room No. 8, in Wanless Block. The terms will be one dollar a week. The course of study arithmetic, book keeping, writing, and English grammar, the hours from seven until nine p m.

Mr. S. B. Westerfield, of the enterprising furniture and undertaking house of Colorado Springs, has of late been adding very extensively to his already large stock of goods. During the past week he has been fitting up an elegant parlor where he has placed two large cabinets made of Colorado pine and cedar, which contain some very handsome metallic caskets. The whole room is devoted to the undertaking department and is neatly arranged. Mr. Westerfield is doing a large business and will be improving it from time to time as the growth of the city warrants it. He is both enterprising and energetic.

The next meeting of the Wool Growers' Association will take place on Thursday, April 25, this will come previous to the lambing season. Now that this organization is well under way, and that one of the principal features in forming the association is for the exchange of ideas and views on the sheep business generally, would it not be a good idea for one of our wool growers, one who has experience and knowledge on the subject of lambing, should get up for the occasion an essay on this one all-important subject. This would be the means of bringing about a discussion, and the views and experience of one and all could be taken into consideration.

Jerry McCarthy was sentenced to one year for false imprisonment of Frank Lombard, five years for a murderous assault on the same gentleman, and ten years for grand larceny, in all sixteen years. Wm. Kawen was sentenced ten years for stealing horses, five years for grand larceny, and one year for stealing a saddle, in all sixteen years. Wm. Miller was sentenced for five years for grand larceny. The Court has done well in so ridding the State for awhile of these men who appear to have a strong desire for

Taking all that is not theirs,
And being captured unawares.

The second ball of Military Co. B, which came off on Friday last at the Prowseonian Military Hall, was, through the untiring efforts of the managers, a great success. Many persons were present from far and near and a most delightful evening was spent. Owing to unforeseen circumstances it was not in our power to avail ourselves of the pleasure of attending this ball, but we hope that the next one may not be far distant, when we shall put on our best bib and tucker and go. The reception committee, which wore a red badge, was composed of Lieut. J. W. Fairfield, Lieut. Delos Durfee, Maj. W. H. Macomber, E. J. Eaton, W. R. Roby, and O. Joe Barker, who attended to their duties in a manner which made strangers and all feel at home. The floor committee wore a blue badge, and here the director, Mr. George H. Feferay, assisted by Maj. W. H. Macomber and Dr. C. E. Edwards, showed himself attentive to the wants of all. The music was excellent, and was performed by Fred. Theobold, Conrad Brigleb, Max Brigleb, F. Kimball, and W. Dewey. Prof. J. E. Seek was prompter. Even the elderly portion of the community were not able to sit still, but glided through the room first with one fair damsel and then with another, astonishing the younger members of the gay throng with their grace and ease. We hope that these balls have now become an established institution, and that Co. B may derive a great benefit from them, which will help to build up their already well organized body. To Capt. Burnham and the officers and men of Co. B we tender our regrets at not being able to be present on this occasion.

Remember the Sociable at the Presbyterian Church next Thursday evening.

We call the attention of our readers to the article on reorganization, from which they will be able to gather the facts of the case.

Mr J. L. Pennington, a prominent business man of Silverton and business manager of Greene's Smelting Works at that place, is stopping in town.

An oyster supper social will be held at the M. E. Church next Thursday evening at half past 7, opening with fine musical and literary programme. Ten cents will admit you. Editors free. Come!

The Right Rev. Bishop Spaulding held confirmation last Sunday at Grace church. Among those who became communicants were Mr. and Mrs [illegible] Humphrey, Mrs James Knox, and Messrs. Burge and Fred. Adams.

An enthusiastic temperance meeting was held at the City Hall last Monday evening under the auspices of the Christian Temperance Union. The hall was crowded. The Temperance Glee Club furnished excellent music, remarks were made by Rev. Mr Stayt, Mrs. Harris, and the Chairman, Rev Mr Cross. Several persons signed the pledge. Another meeting will be held at the same place next Monday evening. Good speakers and good music. Let all turn out.

The Mayor has, during the past week, received one bid for the construction of the water works. This bid is for $62,000, based on pipe delivered at Colorado Springs at $40 per ton or 1,100 tons, which does not include the cost of reservoir and dam at the head, which would entail another, $9,000. If wrought iron pipe is used from source of supply to the reservoir, the cost would be $9,000 less than cast iron pipe. For the fire apparatus, hose carts and hose, about $4,000 would be required. A gentleman from one of the most prominent cast iron pipe firms in the East, will be here during the coming week, prepared to put in a bid.

A very pleasant dance took place at the ranch of Jack Brown, on the Little Fountain, about sixteen miles from this city, on Thursday evening which was well attended, and thoroughly enjoyed by those present, among whom were the Misses Chapple, Saunders, Leber, Marsh, Guernsey, Frost, Derr, and Newman, and Messrs Gitner, Spencer, Winters, Heintz, Millard, Harrison, Strayer, Godfrey, and Jackson, of this city. The music was furnished by Messrs Knox and Brigleb, of this city. The bus, drawn by four horses and carriages left town at six o'clock on Thursday evening, arriving at the ranch at 9 30 o'clock; left there at 5 30 and arrived home at nine o'clock yesterday morning.

The exhibition given at Unity Hall by the Congregational Society, on Thursday evening last, was a truly enjoyable affair. The celebrated Mrs Jarley, "the most remarkable woman in the world," to use her own language, was on hand in all her glory, with her wax works in the most superb condition. Everything moved along to the evident satisfaction of the audience, which filled every portion of the hall to repletion, and which manifested its approval by frequent shouts of laughter. We understand the entertainment may be repeated in a short time, and if so, all those who were not so fortunate as to be on hand that evening should make it a point to attend. An elegant supper followed the wax works exhibition.

The GAZETTE would like to know why cows are allowed to run at large in the streets when there is an ordinance forbidding it? The water we haul for our engine costs us about $12 00 per month generally, but now that this ordinance is not being carried out by the proper authorities, it will cost us about $24 00 per month. The cows generally come round in the evening at dark and lay in a supply for the next day, from our three barrels. Why are cows allowed to roam the streets? They are not allowed, but still they do it "all the same." Will the "Pelican man" who looks after such matters please see that these animals are kept within their reservation? This turning the whole town into a pasture is a nuisance, and we don't like to drink out of the same water barrel. It is especially inconvenient to have a thirsty cow come along on Saturday evening. They are terrible drinkers and approve of water, especially spring water, as a beverage.

From the full descriptions given in some of our city papers of dancing parties and masquerade balls, one would think that little else of interest was going on during our winter evenings. But the fact is that a large number of our young people prefer to attend gatherings that are instructive as well as interesting, and that do not endanger morals or health. One of the pleasantest and most profitable of these gatherings is the Social Literary carried on by the young people of the Congregational Church and Sunday school. It meets on alternate Friday evenings at private houses, and the exercises consist of music, recitations, readings, scientific papers, informal conversation on some theme of general interest, and social greetings. The next meeting will be held next Friday evening with Miss Mary McMorris, at her father's residence on Nevada Avenue. At the last meeting Prof. Loud read an interesting essay on eclipses in general and the great July eclipse in particular. It was requested that the essay be printed in the GAZETTE before the eclipse comes off.

Curran was one day engaged in a case in which he had for a colleague a remarkably tall and slender gentleman, who had originally intended to take orders. The judge observing that the case under discussion involved a question of ecclesiastical law, Curran interposed with, "I can refer your lordship to a high authority behind me, who was once intended for the Church, though in my opinion he was fitter for the steeple."

THE CHURCHES.

The rector will officiate in Grace (Episcopal) Church on Sunday morning.

At the M. E. church to morrow morning, amusements and recreations. Subject in the evening—"Science morally considered."

Mr. Levi Ratliffe will speak at the Baptist Church to morrow morning. Sabbath School at three p m. No service in the evening.

Next Wednesday, March 6, is Ash-Wednesday or the beginning of Lent. There will be service in Grace (Episcopal) Church at 11 a. m.

Sacraments of the Lord's Supper and baptism and reception of new members at the Presbyterian Church to morrow morning. Preaching by the pastor at night.

Morning subject at the Cumberland Presbyterian church to morrow—"The pure in heart." Subject in the evening—"What are the children of God like?" Sunday school meets at 9 30 a. m.

Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, baptism and reception of new members at the Congregational Church to morrow morning. Extra seats will be provided for the occasion, as all the seats have been taken lately by the regular Sabbath morning congregation. In the evening there will be another Bible reading and praise meeting combined. Subject — Christian Conversation and Christian Testimony. At 3 p m Mr Cross will preach at Manitou.

COMMUNICATED.

To the Editor of the Gazette —

On last Friday evening, the 22nd ultimo, a few friends and neighbors of Mr John Irving, met at his residence in the southern part of this County to witness the presentation to Mr and Mrs Irving of a few presents. To Mr Irving, a fine ebony silver headed cane, to Mrs Irving a fine, large globe lamp, silver castor, butter plate and knife, and a beautiful set of knives and forks (silver) to Mr and Mrs Irving jointly, a book mark each, united, as indicative of the long and happy oneness of their union. The above were the presents of their children (both absent and present), except the book mark, which was from a few friends, also a bottle of chow chow, the present of A. G. [illegible] presented perhaps with the idea that it might sharpen their energies and strengthen their arms for the remainder of the battle of life, enabling them to terminate successfully the contest so long and determinedly pursued.

The presents were duly presented with a few remarks by a friend, and responded to by Mr John Irving in an appropriate acknowledgment of the filial affection and regard of his children.

The friends present were:— Mr and Mrs O. V. Cotton, Mr and Mrs J. C Woodbury, Mr and Mrs A. Benedict, Mr and Mrs S A Jackson, and Mr and Mrs R Gaines, Miss Jennie Frost and Mrs Bennett, of Pueblo, Mr A Paster, D Mc Shan, Robert [illegible]ney, P Robinson, and Rev R A [illegible]er. Of the family there were present, John and May Irving, William and [illegible] Irving, and Mrs John Irving, jr.

To Mrs A Jackson belongs the credit of making the feast of fat things a success. *

HOW OUR SENATORS STAND ON THE TARIFF QUESTION.

The following extracts which we are allowed to publish from correspondence between Senator Chaffee and Mr Holt, of our city, will be of interest to the wool growers of Colorado who are anxiously watching the fate of the "Wood Bill" or revising the tariff, which, if passed in its present form, will reduce the duty on foreign wools about one third on the average, and effect a corresponding reduction in prices here.

UNITED STATES SENATE CHAMBER,
WASHINGTON, FEBRUARY 14, '78.

WM. F. HOLT, ESQ.—MY DEAR SIR.—Yours of the 6th inst received, and comments on Wood's Tariff Bill noted. I fully agree with you * * * So far as I am concerned I am a tariff man and always have been, and go for the protection of all our home industries. Teller's position, I believe, is the same * * We are all right on the tariff question, and shall fight any reduction on wool or woolen goods, and endeavor to keep the tariff as it is.

It would be a good idea for the wool growers to unite in a remonstrance to Congress as you suggest.

Yours truly, J. B. CHAFFEE.

WOOL GROWERS' MEETING.

An adjourned meeting of the wool growers of El Paso County was held in Wanless Block on Saturday, February 23, 1878. The meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock p m, by J. M. Stee, temporary president. In the absence of L. Bentley, temporary secretary, C. E. Stubbs, on motion of Capt J. M. Givens, was elected secretary.

Capt. J. M. Givens, one of the committee on constitution and by laws, informed those present of the proceedings of the former meeting.

Mr Austin moved that a permanent organization of wool growers be formed, which was carried unanimously.

On motion of Capt. Pease, the committee on constitution (appointed at a former meeting) was called upon for a report, and Capt. J. M. Givens submitted a constitution, which, after being amended, was adopted, as follows:—

PREAMBLE.

We, wool-growers of El Paso County and vicinity, and other resident wool-growers of El Paso County, recognizing that organization is conducive to the better prosecution of our business, do hereby constitute ourselves into an association whose scope shall embrace every interest affecting our business as wool growers, and for the purposes of greater efficiency and perpetuity, do ordain the following constitution and by-laws:—

CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE 1. The name of this association shall be "The El Paso County Wool Growers Association."

ART. 2. The officers of this association shall consist of a president, vice president, treasurer, secretary, and corresponding secretary.

ART. 3. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at all the meetings of the association, preserve order, and in addition do any other act made his official duty by this constitution or its by-laws.

ART. 4. It shall be the duty of the vice-president to discharge the duties of the president when he is absent or cannot act in person.

ART. 5. It shall be the duty of the secretary to keep a minute of all the proceedings of the meetings of the association in a book to be kept for that purpose and at each meeting to read the minutes of the previous meeting for approval and collect all moneys due the association and pay the same over to the treasurer, taking his receipt for the same.

ART. 6. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to receive and take charge of all moneys of the association and pay the same out only on the order of the president, countersigned by the secretary.

ART. 7. It shall be the duty of the corresponding secretary to conduct the correspondence of the association under the supervision of the president, and report at each regular meeting.

ART. 8. The association shall meet regularly on the last Thursday in April, June, August, October, December and February in each year.

ART. 9. The fee for membership shall be one dollar, and each member shall pay quarterly dues of fifty cents per quarter payable at the beginning of each quarter, and no other assessment shall be made upon the members for any purpose whatever except by a two thirds vote of all the members present at any regular meeting, and every such extra assessment shall be proposed at a meeting previous, and notice of such assessment shall be published three times in the county papers, stating the purpose and amount of the proposed assessment, before the meeting upon which the vote shall be taken.

ART. 10. The officers of the association shall be elected at the first regular meeting of each year, and shall serve from date of election one year and until their successors are duly elected and enter upon the discharge of the duties of their respective offices.

ART. 11. In all elections voting shall be by ballot, and a majority of all the votes cast shall be necessary to elect.

ART. 12. Dues shall be assessed when needed to defray the expenses of the association, upon the interest in sheep owned by the respective members and shall be based as near as may be upon the returns of the County Assessors, and in the imposition of the same no unjust discrimination shall be made against any member.

ART. 13. This constitution shall not be altered or amended except by a three fourths vote of all the members of the association, and no proposition for amendment or alteration shall be passed at the same meeting at which it is introduced. *Provided,* That new articles may be added not in conflict therewith by a majority vote.

ART. 14. The officers of the association shall constitute an executive committee for the transaction of any important business in the interest of the association between the times of the regular meetings, and shall report their action to the next regular meeting for the approval or disapproval of the association.

Permanent officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:—

President—Ivory Phillips
Vice President—Capt. J. M. Givens
Recording Secretary—C. E. Stubbs
Treasurer—J. M. Stee
Corresponding Secretary—Lanthus Bentley

A committee on membership was appointed, consisting of Messrs Greenway, Phillips, and J. C. Hersberger.

Messrs Stubbs, Givens, and Bentley were appointed a committee on by-laws and requested to report at the next regular meeting.

On motion of Capt. J. M. Givens, Mr Greenway was appointed a committee to secure a proper room for the next meeting of the association.

On motion a committee to draft suitable resolutions remonstrating against the repeal of the present tariff on wool was appointed, consisting of Messrs Givens, Phillips, and Bentley, who reported the following:—

Resolved, By the El Paso County Wool-Growers Association in convention assembled, that the resolutions of the joint convention, at Rochester New York, on the 9th instant, of the National Association of Woolen Manufacturers and National Wool Growers' Association, and the resolutions of the Rocky Mountain Wool Growers' Association, passed in convention at Denver on the —th instant, upon the subject of the proposed reduction of the tariff on wool and woolen goods, we hail with emphatic approval, and in consideration of the fact that during the existence and it may be said as a result of the present tariff, wool-growing in Colorado has had its beginning, its life-struggle with adverse circumstances, and the drawbacks incident to a new and untried field, and now, when the era of experiment is past, and it is just entering upon the stage of successful development as a great and important interest, to have it destroyed, as by one fell swoop of adverse legislation, addresses itself to us as a peculiar, an unjust and an unwarranted hardship, and in this connection, as intensifying and aggravating said hardship is the fact that wool growing is necessarily our exclusive business, because these arid plains permit of nothing in conjunction with it, and for Congress thus to develop this industry and thus to kill it, is certainly neither suggestive of the attributes of a paternal government nor wise statesmanship.

The resolution was unanimously adopted, and the Corresponding Secretary requested to send a copy to each Senator and Representative in Congress from Colorado.

On motion of Mr. Bentley the meeting adjourned to meet on Thursday, the 25th of April, 1878, at 2 o'clock p. m., in room No. 3, Wanless Block, Colorado Springs.

IVORY PHILLIPS, Pres't.
C. E. STUBBS, Sec'y.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Real estate transfers for two weeks ending Thursday, February 28, 1878.

AS REPORTED BY

CHARLES STOCKBRIDGE,

Real Estate and Loan Agent.

Clarence E Gowell and E G Clark to Frank E Kimball, warranty deed, southwest ¼ of southeast ¼ of section 21, northwest ¼ of northeast ¼ of section 28, township 12, range 66, consideration . $ 400

Thos B Mitchell to John Curr, warranty deed, northwest ¼ of section 21, township 15, range 66, consideration 240

Colorado Springs Company to Mary Alice Stovell, warranty deed, lots 15 and 16, block 273, in addition 1, town of Colorado Springs, consideration 1

Colorado Springs Company to Mary S Robinson, warranty deed, lot 11, block 52, city of Colorado Springs, consideration 550

Benedict Brynaldson to F L Martin, warranty deed west ½ of southeast ¼ northeast ¼ of southwest ¼ of section 5, northwest ¼ of northeast ¼ of section 8, township 13, range 64, consideration . 1000

Walter Hinchman to the Union Contract Company warranty deed, lots 1, 2, 3 4 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 91, lots 2, 3, and 4 block 102, lots 6 and 7, block 113, lots 1 and 2, block 121, lot 5 block 192, and also property in the Counties of Arapahoe and Pueblo consideration . . 10000

R B Hurd to C L Gowell and E G Clark, warranty deed, southwest ¼ of southeast ¼ of section 21, northwest ¼ of northeast ¼ of section 28, township 12 range 66 consideration 100

Henry McAllister, jr to Geo Summers, warranty deed, lot 1, block 258 with buildings, consideration 480

George Summers to Charles Wheeler, warranty deed, lot 1, block 258, with buildings, consideration 480

Mary S and Thomas Wanless to E H Van Orden, property in block 81, consideration 400

Mary S Wanless and Thomas Wanless to E H Van Orden, west 10 feet of north 20 feet of lots 23 and 24, block 81, consideration 1

Henry W Tallant to Emily A Crowell, lot 21 block 83, consideration 325

Clement Binker by Henry McAllister, jr, trustee, to Geo Summers, west ½ of northwest ¼ and northwest ¼ of southwest ¼, section 14, township 11 south range 67 west, consideration 218

J S Wolfe to David DeGraff, northeast ¼ of southeast ¼, section 13, township 15 south, range 66 west consideration . 44

James S Wolfe to W M Strickler, southeast ¼ of southeast ¼, section 8, township 17 south, range 65 west, consideration 40

Moses Imes by Henry McAllister, jr, trustee to George Summers, 112¼ acres in section 7, township 16, range 65 consideration 172

David DeGraff to Chas A Lansing, southeast ¼ of southeast ¼, section 13 township 15 south, range 66 west, and south ½ of southeast ¼, and south ½ of southwest ¼, section 18, township 15 south range 65 west, consideration . 550

Chas A Lansing to David DeGraff, warranty deed northeast ¼ of southeast ¼ section 18, township 15 south, range 65 west, consideration . . . 1

Thos S Brigham to Edward H Talbert, warranty deed, northeast ¼ of northwest ¼ and southwest ¼ of northeast ¼ and northeast ¼ of southwest ¼ section 3, township 12 south, range [illegible] west consideration 5

United States to Joseph W Leuby, patent west ½ of southwest ¼ section 10 and west ½ of northwest ¼, section 15 township 11 south, range 64 west

United States to Gwilym R Gwillim, patent northeast ¼ of southeast ¼, and south ½ of northeast ¼, section [illegible] township 11 south, range 66 west

Colorado Springs Co to National Land Improvement Co, warranty deed, east ½ of the west ½ of southwest ¼ and all that part of the east ½ of southwest ¼ section 7, township 14 south range 66 west, lying west of the west line of Cascade Avenue, City of Colorado Springs, consideration . 5000

M D Moorehead to H C Crawford, warranty deed, part of lots 1 and 2, block 101, town of Colorado Springs, consideration 250

R R Crawford to H C Crawford, warranty deed, undivided ½ of the north ¾ of the west ½ of southwest ¼ of southeast ¼ section 29, township 14, range 66 west, consideration 255

Charles H Phelps to Herbert Weterman, trustee's deed, southeast ¼, section 14, southwest ¼, section 14, west ½ of southwest ¼, west ½ of northeast ¼, east ½ of southwest ¼, section 15, township 11 south, range 65 west, consideration 50

Mr [illegible] Wiley has just made us a present of a fine parsnip, which weighs four and one half pounds This is the kind of parsnips that he keeps, only they do not all weigh quite as much as this one

NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

N Hodgman,	Colorado Springs,	Colorado
A W [illegible]r,	"	"
K C [illegible]	"	"
Mrs E Moody		"
W H Mcomber,	"	"
I Wright,	"	"
Theo Brown,	"	"
A B Russell		"
F S Nettleton	Pueblo,	"
W T Plumb	Easton,	"
Jas Thurlow,	Manitou,	"
A B Williams	"	"
R Finley,	Colorado City,	"
Chas Shearer,	Summit Park,	"
H Amy & Co,	New York	2 copies
H W Bendon,		England.
Maj Elton Prower,		"
Jas Mason & Co,	Philadelphia.	
W P Pew,	"	
Eph Clark,	"	
John Brown,	Vermont	

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado, for the week ending February 20, 1878.—

Armstrong, Miss Nellie
Baker, E I
Blea[illegible], A
Chase, D B
Coplen, Mrs Ruth
Ford, Mrs M A
Hall, A—2
Leonard, L R
Leonard, Mrs E
McGinnis, W [illegible]
MacMaster, Dougald
Phillips, Benjamin

FOR WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 26,

Blewett, Mrs L [illegible]
Brinegar, G Wash
Deprignell, Dr
Fiedoall, Ira L
Green, Mrs Caleb
Jamison, Miss Ann
Jones, Mrs Jane
Mettenger, S H
North, Sam
Robinson, Mr S G
Schwarzlander, Chas
Sherman, Mrs B F—2
Towl, Tommie—2
Welsh, James
Wright, Mrs L M
Wheeler, [illegible] C

Mexican—Don H I Brosil

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "Advertised Letters," and give the date of this list. If not called for within thirty days, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office. JOHN POTTER, P. M.

MARRIED.

In Colorado Springs, February 26, 1878, by Rev. A. L Vail, Mr Thadeus May and Mrs T M. Dickinson

At Philadelphia, December 26, 1877, by Rev. Henry C Westwood, Clarence N Peirce, of Bristol, Pa, to Flora E Keighton, of Camden, N. J.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

The best Cigars at Jas Duncan's

I can sell you goods just as cheap and cheaper than you can buy at Denver
W C BRADBURY.

Sewed Easy Shoes for mechanics, at Woodgate's

It always pays to do a thing well whatever it is If your house needs painting just say so, and don't let the sun spoil it before you get the paint on. W. C. BRADBURY.

Rubber Boots for hunters, at Woodgate's.

Ladies' and Gents' Felt Slippers at Savage & Florance's.

The Kelly Steel Barb Wire makes the best fence in the world. It is warranted all steel, both wire and barb, and has an absolutely rust proof coating The barbs are tapered from both sides, and do not tear the wool from the sheep It weighs one-eighth less per rod than other wires, therefore, at the same rate per pound, it is a positive saving of four cents per rod on a three wire fence For sale by G S Barnes, who is now offering it at the same price charged at the manufactory

Ladies' Monitor Over Gaiters at Savage & Florance's.

Glove Calf Shoes for old ladies, at Woodgate's

T A Hay & Co, Blacksmiths and Horse shoers, make a specialty of shoeing horses troubled with diseased hoofs, such as quarter cracks, contracted feet, corns, etc Freighters can rely upon a No 1 job of mountain work, repairing of heavy mountain wagons a specialty Sign of the Big Horse Shoe Huerfano Street, west of Cascade Avenue, Colorado Springs

Nailed Boots for miners, at Woodgate's

Rubber Sandals for ladies and misses, at Woodgate's

If you are going to sell your house have it painted and papered, and you can then sell for quite double the amount
W C BRADBURY

Clement & Russell do all kinds of brick work

Now is the time to decorate your house with some of my stock of fine papers
W C BRADBURY.

I am now offering my entire stock of Mens' and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Caps, and a great many other articles at cost O T BARKER

Clement & Russell refer anyone wishing work done to D Martin, for whom they have just completed some work

Pratt's Astral Oil is deodorized and excels all other oils in illuminating properties, and is positively non explosive, at Lincoln's old stand

Malaga Grapes at William Bush's bakery

Private instruction in French also in German, by Mme E Reymert For further particulars, address Box 70, Colorado Springs

Venison, Rabbits and Fowls at Peck's Meat Market

Music Books, Prayer Books, Bibles, Albums, and Writing Desks at Jas Duncan's

Mens and Boys Clothing, Hats and Caps at cost O T BARKER

Twelve styles of men's Fine boots, at Woodgate's

We invite everybody to come to our shop and examine our work CLEMENT & RUSSELL

All kinds of stone work done by Clement & Russell

Pipes and Cigar Holders at Jas Duncan's.

Ladies' White Kid Slippers at Savage & Florance's.

The choicest Cuts of Meats at Peck's Meat Market

Picture Frames, Pocket Knives, Stereoscopic Views, and Stationery of all kinds, can be had next door to the Post office at Jas Duncan's

All sorts of Toys and Picture Books for children at Jas Duncan's

Superior Adamantine Candles at Lincoln's old stand

Slippers for ladies, gents, and children, at Woodgate's

CUT THIS OUT

and send it to your friends in the East, advising them when they visit Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, or the San Juan Mines, to take the Colorado Springs GAZETTE, the best weekly paper in the State, and then go on over the D & R G Railway to Pueblo, Santa Fe, and Japan Trains leave Colorado Springs every day in the year with Pullman Sleeping Cars attached, and all modern improvements, including the Colorado Springs GAZETTE, $2 00 per annum, 5 cents per issue For maps, circulars, and detailed information apply to
GAZETTE PUBLISHING COMPANY

ADVERTISE.

Don't hide your light under a bushel, else it will go out

The population of the State is 150,000, all we want is the odd thousand for our subscription list.

Tell us not in mournful numbers
That you must economize,
For the firm will burst that slumbers
And neglects to advertise.

Trade revives and trade increases,
If in management you're wise;
Hard times will rip things to pieces
If you fail to advertise.

Then let us all be up and doing,
With brave hearts and open eyes,
Still achieving, still pursuing,—
Men are safe who advertise

And if you would contented be,
And consequently wiser,
Just let Colorado see
That you support the GAZETTE.

Colorado Springs GAZETTE, $2 a year; 5 cts. a copy

CUT THIS OUT

and send it to your friends in the East advising them, when they visit Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, or the San Juan mines, to take the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, the new Southern route through Kansas, via the Arkansas Valley, to Pueblo, making direct connection with the Denver & Rio Grande Railway for Colorado Springs, Denver, and all points in Northern Colorado, Cañon City, Garland, Del Norte, Lake City, El Moro, Las Vegas and Santa Fe. Trains leave Kansas City and Atchison every day in the year, with Pullman Sleeping Cars attached, and passenger trains equipped with all the modern improvements. For maps, circulars and detailed information ask them to send to

T. J. ANDERSON,
General Passenger Agent, Topeka, Kan.

Send your parents a copy of the GAZETTE, only $2 per year, $1 for 6 months, and so on till you get it for nothing.

C. E. WELLESLEY,

Real Estate Loan & Insurance

AGENT,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Transacts Real Estate Business in all its branches.

City and County Warrants Bought & Sold.

Office, opposite Postoffice,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.

1794. The 1878.

Insurance Co. of North America.

Total Assets, January 1, 1878,

$5,461,782.

For insurance in this old and reliable Company, apply to

Opposite the Postoffice. C. E. WELLESLEY. Agent.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.

CASH ASSETS:

$6,713,515.

Losses Paid in Fifty-Seven Years,

OVER 48 MILLION DOLLARS.

The ÆTNA is the largest and strongest Fire Insurance Company in the United States.

Opposite the Postoffice. C. E. WELLESLEY, Agent.

MILLARD & SON,

UNDERTAKERS,

Opposite City Hall, COLORADO SPRINGS.

☞SPECIAL ATTENTION TO EMBALMING AND SHIPPING.☜ No extortionate prices with us We are here to stay All orders attended to day or night.

C STOCKBRIDGE,
REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENT.
All commissions promptly attended to

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved Real Estate, at low rates, on long time C E WELLESLEY, office opposite Post office

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION

given in Geology, Assaying, Chemistry, and kindred subjects Respectfully,
H KERR,
Prof of Chem. and Geol.

FIRST CLASS PRINTING CHEAP,

at room 7, Union Block, corner Tejon street and Pike's Peak avenue

OPENED AGAIN.

A Yerger, having purchased the stock of A G Lincoln, will be pleased to see the old customers, where they will find as good and as cheap a lot of goods as there are in town.

CASH DOES IT!

The reason why we are selling Boots and Shoes so wonderfully cheap is because we sell for cash and know just what we make, we could not do it if we did not get the money down There are plenty of Boots and Shoes still being made, so that we have no trouble to replenish our stock, and prefer sure pay, low profits, and quick sales, to a slow business and large margins SAVAGE & FLORANCE.

LOST —One bunch of keys, all flat keys. Apply to this office

FOUND —A bunch of keys Can be had by paying for this advertisement

WANTED —To purchase a desirable lot within two blocks of the postoffice Apply at this office.

WANTED —In a private family in town, two competent women to do the work of the house. Apply at this office.

WANTED.—A person or party who is not afraid to risk $300 in the development of a silver bearing mine, situated in Clear Creek County, Colorado, near Georgetown, mine in a No 1 district, close to some of the best mines in the State Title perfect, discovery 3 years old Has now more than two hundred dollars' worth of work already done. Am willing to deed one half undivided interest when developed to a certain amount, or do work and receive the $300 in certain amounts as work progresses Address, MINE OWNER.
Edgerton, Colo.

TO RENT —Furnished sitting and bed rooms on first floor, three minutes' walk from postoffice, to single gentlemen only Address lock box 27, Colorado Springs

CATTLE to trade for Horses and Mules.
G. H. SWEET.

FOR SALE.—Twenty nice corn fed hogs—well fattened—average weight about 200 lbs. Apply to T. E JOHNSON.

FURNISHED ROOMS to rent Apply at the Iron-Front Building, at Crawford & Quereau's.

WANTED.—A situation as governess, good references given. For terms address box 382, Colorado Springs, Colo.

FOR RENT.—A portion of the store at the Manitou postoffice, suitable for Museum, News Depot, Stationery and Notions, cheap; also unfurnished rooms.

HORSES pastured 3 miles from town, at $1.50 per month; cattle at $1 per month. Apply at the GAZETTE office.

FOR SALE —A few hundred pounds of sheep dip F. L. MARTIN.

FOR SALE.—The Brick-yard property opposite Roman's beer garden, consisting of eight and one third acres, frame house and other improvements. This property can be had very cheap. A splendid opportunity for some one to engage in the manufacture of brick—for which the demand at present is greater than the supply. Apply to A. L. LAWTON.

FOR SALE—Brick house containing five rooms, on Cucharas Street. Barn with room for 2 horses and hay, corral, good well; two lots, 50x190 feet each, and 2½ acres of ground. Very cheap. Enquire of
A. L. LAWTON.

FOR SALE.—The best sheep ranch in El Paso county; also a small flock of young sheep, mostly ewes. Apply to Chas. Fallows, or address me at Colorado Springs.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.—Seeds in quantities to suit.
F. L. MARTIN, Grocery Store.

ORDINANCES

—OF THE—

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

An ordinance pertaining to billiard halls and shooting galleries.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs —

SECTION 1 That the proprietors of the billiard halls and shooting galleries in this city be required to close their places of business at or before twelve o'clock at midnight of each day and to remain closed until seven o'clock a m.

SECTION 2 That any person or persons violating this ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars for each offense.

An ordinance pertaining to city taxes.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs —

SECTION 1 That a sale be made of real property in the City of Colorado Springs for delinquent and unpaid city taxes as assessed against such property in lots and parcels, respectively, and as appears by the return of the City Collector made to the tax warrant of the year A D 1877.

SEC 2. That such sale be made at public vendue by the collector of the city taxes on the 6th day of April, A. D, 1878, at his office in the City of Colorado Springs, commencing at ten o'clock a. m., of said day, And that the said several lots and parcels of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be sold severally and separately to pay the taxes assessed against the same respectively, together with such sum for costs as may have been incurred for the advertising and selling the same.

SEC. 3. That a list of the several lots and parcels of land with the taxes assessed thereon, be published for four weeks in the Colorado Springs GAZETTE. WM WAGNER.
Attest: Mayor.
F. E. Dow, City Clerk

Administrator's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Samuel Moody, deceased.

The undersigned, to whom letters of administration with the will annexed have issued from the County Court of El Paso County, Colorado, upon the estate of Samuel Moody, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the said County Court of El Paso County, at the March term thereof for probate business, at the County Court room in Colorado Springs, beginning on Monday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1878; at which time and place all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend and present the same for adjustment. All persons indebted in any manner to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

ARTHUR M. MERRIAM, Administrator.
Dated February 18, 1878.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The taxes of the City of Colorado Springs, for the year 1877, will become delinquent on the 6th day of March, and the City Council have ordered a sale of the property on which taxes are unpaid, to take place on the 6th day of April. The delinquent list will be published on the 9th day of March. F. P. LOMBARD,
City Collector.

Notice to Stockholders.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COL., March 1, 1878.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Colorado Springs Plaster Paris Company that a meeting of said stockholders will be held at the office of Williams & McMorris, on Tuesday, the 12th day of March, 1878, for the election of trustees for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before them. T. A. McMORRIS,
Secretary.

CIGARS CIGARS!! CIGARS

Largest stock and greatest variety in the city. Imported cigars always on hand, and all smokers' materials at C. Stockbridge's, next door to First National Bank. Try them and you will not go elsewhere for cigars.

SPORTSMAN'S DEPOT.

Every variety of Rifles and breech-loading Shot-guns always on hand. Revolvers, Ammunition, and all sporting materials. Largest stock of Rifles and Guns in the State outside of Denver, which will be sold at strictly Eastern rates. The cheapest house in the State, at C. Stockbridge's, next door to First National [illegible]. Call and see our stock before purchasing.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, M. E. Irving, of El Paso County, and then Territory, now State of Colorado, by his certain deed of trust, dated the twelfth day of May, 1874, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of said County, on the 12th day of May, 1874, in book [illegible], page 249, did convey to the undersigned as trustee the following-described real estate, to-wit: Lot number twenty three (23), block number one hundred and thirty one (131), as shown on the recorded plat of the town (now city) of Colorado Springs, County and State aforesaid, to secure the payment of his promissory note of even date with said deed of trust, therein described, for the principal sum of three hundred dollars, payable with interest at two per cent. per month, interest payable monthly, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and interest; Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and for the purpose of paying the same and interests and costs of sale and due and unpaid taxes in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, the undersigned under and by virtue of authority in him vested by the same, will sell at public auction on

Wednesday, the 3d day of April, 1878,

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court house, to-wit: the County Clerk's office in the City of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado, to the highest price the same will bring, with all the right, title, benefit and equity of redemption of said M. E. Irving, his heirs and assigns, and will apply the proceeds, or so much thereof as may be necessary, as in the said deed of trust provided. IRVING HOWBERT, Trustee

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Sarah A Stovell, deceased, late of Bucks County, Pennsylvania, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of El Paso County, State of Colorado, at the April Term thereof for probate business, at the County Court room in Colorado Springs, beginning on Monday, the 29th day of April, A. D 1878; at which time and place all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend and present the same for adjustment All persons indebted in any manner to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned CHAS HALLOWELL,
Dated March 2, 1878. Administrator

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of George Hugill, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed executors of the estate of George Hugill, deceased, late of El Paso County, and State of Colorado, hereby give notice that they will appear before the County Court of said El Paso County, at the March term thereof for probate business, at the County Court room in Colorado Springs, beginning on Monday, the 25th day of March, A D, 1878, at which time and place all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend and present the same for adjustment All persons indebted in any manner to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JOHN RIPLEY,
J H MORRISON, } Executors.
Dated Feb 8, 1878

Colorado Cheese Factory

HAY.

Sold by the ton or car-load and delivered in town free of charge.

W. LENNOX & BRO.

AGENTS,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.

PLANTS
TREES

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

Grape Vines etc

Hardy first class stock, at low prices. List upon application Colorado Springs Nursery Co, WM CLARK. L R ALLEN
2-8-[illegible]-6t

TAILORING.

CHARLES STEARNS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Huerfano Street,

Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Low Prices, Good Work, New Goods.

E. M. PECK

OF NEW YORK,

HAS OPENED A

[illegible]

ESTABLISHMENT,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF THE "GAZETTE" OFFICE,

And invites the public to

Call and Examine his Goods and Prices

He Guarantees Satisfaction.

His stock of Worsted and Woolen Suitings, and Pantaloon Goods is not surpassed in Colorado outside of Denver.

LUMBER.

S. P. [illegible]TSHALL,

DEALER IN

CHICAGO AND COLORADO

LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATH, DOORS,

WINDOWS, ETC.

The only place in town where Lime is always kept on hand.

Will trade Lumber for either horses or cattle.

Yard on Cascade avenue south of Huerfano st.

HARDWARE.

G. S. BARNES,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

SHELF AND HEAVY

HARDWARE,

WAGONS,

Agricultural Implements, [illegible]

Miners' and Blacksmiths' Goods,

Wagon Makers' Supplies, [illegible] Wire,

[illegible]

[illegible] Co.,

COLORADO SPRINGS.

REAL ESTATE, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE INSURANCE.

CHAS. HALLOWELL,

Notary Public and Conveyancer,

REAL ESTATE,

MONEY TO LOAN,

FIRE INSURANCE.

Residence Lots, Business Lots, Improved City Property, Ranches, and Farms, for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms.

AGENT FOR SALE OF

LOTS IN PARRISH'S ADDITION.

jan5 78 COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

STILL WE SEE

Huge bundles emerging from the Cheap Cash Store of

J. H. WOODGATE

WHO KEEPS A FULL LINE OF

Boots and Shoes, Slippers

and in fact everything pertaining to his line

HE HAS ADDED:

this week another invoice of fifty cases, and they MUST BE SOLD to make room for another large lot that is being manufactured for him in the East, and WILL ARRIVE SOON.

COME IN,

look through, buy, and be happy. Our motto is "Good Goods, Low Prices; everything just as represented and warranted goods kept in repair FREE OF CHARGE." Heel stiffeners put on free of charge. Feeling thankful for past patronage, and hoping to meet you all again with better goods at lower prices, I remain, very truly yours,

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W. C. BRADBURY,

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I have all the very latest designs of Paper and Bordering and can sell them down low.

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DONE ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS.

McCLURE HOUSE,

CAÑON CITY, COLORADO.

MURRAY & MEGRUE, Proprietors.

☞This House is now thoroughly completed and re-furnished throughout, containing 65 rooms, and offers a home to the invalid unexcelled in the State. Attractions: The salubrious climate of Canon City, and the Soda, Iron, and Hot Springs in close proximity.

RATES: From $8 00 to $10 00 per week, according to location of room.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE

ON INSTALMENTS.

A Steam Saw Mill, with Planer and Matching Machine attached.

The Manitou House Billiard Hall, at Manitou.

Residence Property in the Town of Colorado City.

Residence Property and Vacant Lots in the City of Colorado Springs.

Two or three good second-hand Billiard Tables.

Also some Horses, Mules, Ponies, and Wagons.

For particulars see

CHAS. WALKER!

[illegible] Colorado Springs, Colorado.

WALTER [illegible]. SMITH,

Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, and Collecting Agent.

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PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO

The Purchase and Sale of Real Estate,

AND THE PAYMENT OF TAXES

Huerfano Street, Colorado Springs.

SEWING MACHINES

REPAIRED.

NEEDLES, OIL AND FINDINGS.

☞GENERAL JOBBING NEATLY DONE.

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Opposite G. S. Barnes' hardware store, TEJON STREET.

GYMNASTICS.

Those desirous of joining a class of light gymnastics, embracing expansion, dumb bell, and Indian club drill, apply to [illegible] INSTRUCTOR, Care of Prof. Sheldon.

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MACHINIST AND GUNSMITH.

GUNS, PISTOLS, AND REVOLVERS,

Cleaned and Repaired on short notice.

Orders taken for all kinds of Wood Turning

Three doors west of People's Bank,

Huerfano Street, COLORADO SPRINGS.

[illegible] business you can engage in. [illegible] per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. [illegible] free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

GEO. W. THOMAS,

DEALER IN

SECOND-HAND GOODS.

Queensware, Window Sash, Doors, etc., all of which I offer very low for cash. Call and see me before purchasing

South side of Huerfano street,

First door west of O'[illegible]

[illegible] can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. [illegible] per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys, and girls wanted everywhere [illegible]. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

ROUND ABOUT THE STATE.

Pueblo is to have gas. Work will be commenced within six months.

The San Juan newspaper people propose to have a Press Association.

An increasing interest is being felt in eastern markets in Colorado mines.

The Pueblo *Chieftain* speaks positively of a nail factory being built at that place.

The business men of Greeley are agitating the subject of building an elevator at that place.

The Greenhorn is having cold weather and, to the joy of the farmers, much snow this winter.

The owners of the Homestake and Golden Star Mines, in the Black Hills, are putting up an eighty stamp mill.

Central City is building an opera house which is to be opened early in March. It is to cost about $23,000.

Gov. Routt's mine, the Morning Star, promises well. The Governor has great faith in the future of Lake County.

Cold weather and heavy snow storms in the Animas Valley this winter, plenty of water and good grazing next summer.

[illegible] W. Pitkin, of Pueblo, is spoken of as Republican nominee for Governor, and W. A. [illegible] Loveland, of Golden, as Democratic nominee.

In the San Juan region five men are said to be working this winter to three last winter, and prospectors claim that it will take more than ten years to thoroughly prospect this section.

It costs about four cents a pound to carry goods from the present terminus of the D. & R. G. road to Silverton and that neighborhood. This section needs a railroad.

The San Juan & St. Louis Company, of Ouray, have broken ground for a building, 80 by 250 feet, which they expect to have completed for use in the spring. They have ore on hand for a $20 000 run.

Some Alma parties have purchased a boring machine and the exclusive right to use it in Park and Lake Counties. They intend using it in prospecting for carbonates in Lake County. Good idea. —*Fairplay Sentinel.*

The Byron Gold & Silver Mining Company has filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. Capital $1,000,000; 20,000 shares of $50 each; principal office to be located at Eureka, San Juan County.

The yearly report of the Institute for the Mute and Blind, located at Colorado Springs, is in every way satisfactory. It shows marked progress among the pupils, and excellent health. More room is needed and a library.

It is estimated that in the San Juan district, within a radius of twenty miles, there are over six thousand silver claims which are only having yearly assessment work done on them, all owing to the want of roads and smelters.

The proposition for the erection of a cheese factory in Evans is, we understand, being heartily seconded by the neighboring dairymen. The milk from about a hundred cows has been pledged and as many more cows promised conditionally. —*Journal.*

The weather this winter is reported good in the Mosquito District, roads good, not much ore being shipped—the owners piling it up until spring, nearly all the mines being worked, good prospects of great activity in that region in the spring.

Leadville has a population of about two thousand; business lots, 25 by 90, sell from $350 to $500 each, other lots from $50 to $150. Shipments of ore to Colorado Springs and Cañon City average 550 tons per month, freight on this to Colorado Springs costing from $[illegible] to $[illegible] per ton.

An Ohio Company intend erecting a smelter a mile and a half below Ouray in the spring. Another smelter is to be put up on the Uncompahgre one mile below the town. This mill will be able to run all winter, as the water from the hot springs just above will prevent the water from freezing.

At a meeting of the Silver Grey & San Juan Mining Company held in Denver recently, the following gentlemen were elected the officers of the company for the year 1878: E. R. Dougherty, President; [illegible] R. Burch, Vice President; A. C. [illegible], Secretary, and Andrew Templeton, Treasurer.

The State School of Mines has received the magnificent medal and the beautiful diploma for the best geological and paleontological collection at the Centennial Exhibition. The medal, in a blue velvet case, can be inspected at the School of Mines lecture room in Golden. We are proud of the result of such Colorado enterprise.

Brown Brothers brought twenty tons of ore from the Humboldt Mine at Rosita to this place, yesterday, for shipment to Black Hawk. The Humboldt is doing better than it ever has done heretofore, some of the ore assaying as high as 2,700 ounces to the ton. Under such able management as that of Mr. Alex. Thornton, the Humboldt cannot help being successful. —*Chieftain.*

The Musk Ox Gold & Silver Mining Company has been incorporated. Its object is to work the Musk Ox Lode in the Consolidated Montgomery Mining District, Mt. Lincoln, Park County, Colorado. The Directors are C. K. [illegible], A. R. Chisolm, O. [illegible] Pierson, [illegible] C. Volander, [illegible] Vandemoer, E. P. Power, W. [illegible] Woodruff, [illegible] McNassar, and [illegible] D. Hervey. Capital stock $5,000,000 in shares of $10 each.

Leadville is growing fast. According to an exchange an assay was made of some of the mud which was used in chinking a log house and found to run over 1,000 ounces in silver. The roads from that section into Colorado Springs have been excellent all winter, and heavy freights are going over these roads both ways all the time. The crop from this "mineral farm" is inexhaustible and ready for market at a [illegible].

PATENT YOUR MINES.

The following suggestions are taken from the *San Francisco Stock Report*, and are of interest to our readers:—

The importance of patenting the mines cannot be too frequently impressed on the mining community. Every man who finds a ledge looks forward with bright hopes to its future, and is assured that success will reward his labors. When it does it seems too bad to have a defective title prevent a sale. A United States patent is a guarantee that no one can come in with a conflicting title after the patent is granted, and people will not buy nowadays unless they are sure of this. The avoidance of litigation with mining property is worth looking after, and when the title is once vested in the proper owner by means of a patent, that is the end of any legal proceedings.

A doubt regarding ownership is a worse thing to contend with in negotiating for mining property than a doubt as to the value of the mine itself. When a man buys a mine he is not compelled to spend more than he wants to and can stop when he likes, but in a law suit he is not a free agent. Therefore, if miners intend selling their claims or getting capitalists to aid them, the first step after getting the claim is to get the patent. Moreover, by procuring a patent the miner is released from annual expenditure. Once the mine is patented it can lie idle until the owner is ready to work it, as the title then rests in him and no longer in the Government.

Much trouble and expense can be prevented by getting a patent, and it is much less expensive than many would suppose.

WONDERFUL PAGOSA SPRINGS.

At the foot of the main range of the Rocky Mountains, near the San Juan River, in the southwestern corner of Conejos County, Colorado, are the Pagosa Springs, a wonderful freak of nature in commingling chemical simples in her hidden laboratory for the healing of nations.

The San Juan, rising in the Snowy Range, almost on the western slope, flows southward through the rifted canons, between the Sierras San Juan and Navajo, approaching the grand *mesas* of extreme Southwestern Colorado. It breaks boldly from the confining Sierras, flowing placidly away through a miniature valley.

Here, at the foot of the "Eternal Hill," almost encircled by forests of stately yellow pine, beyond which, along the higher altitudes, are bodies of spruce and Oregon pine, overlooking all, the cold, barren Snowy Range, are waters of life, rivaling the springs of eternal youth sought by the chivalric Ponce de Leon, bubbling, boiling, seething from unknown depths, flowing on unceasingly through summer heat and winter cold.

They bear a name, conferred by the red man, unlike any other in existence, literally translated from the Indian tongue it signifies "great [illegible]," grammatically rendered, it is "beneficial," a name destined to be famous wherever the English language is spoken.

The valley is something less than five miles long from north to south, and from a quarter of a mile to a mile wide. Once, a beautiful meadow covered with a rich growth of natural grasses, but now nearly barren of vegetation, having been fed so closely by the animals of travelers, and the cattle of neighboring stockmen. There are a few cottonwoods and an occasional clump of willows along the river, but most of the near forest and scattering trees have fallen before the ax of the pioneer to feed the camp fire or build cabins which the torch of the noble red man has consumed. Above the head of the valley, for fifteen miles, there are occasional openings and magnificent groves of cottonwoods in the river bottoms extending up to the lines of spruce and pines.

The great spring is visible through a semi-circular opening, seventy-five feet long by forty at the widest; the walls of whitish rock are perpendicular, and hitherto no daring hand has sounded the depths of the deep blue waters, which foam and rage as in a boiling caldron.

Upwards of twenty acres are covered by mineral substances, precipitated from the waters through the lapse of countless ages, which have raised an elevation thirty feet at the highest, and sloping gradually down to the level of the surrounding valleys. —*Manifold, in La Plata Miner.*

FOUR ACES.

The heathen Chinee has been outdone by a quick-witted Western backwoodsman. At Oshkosh, Wisconsin, three gamblers laid a plan to beggar a fourth at poker. The victim was dealt four aces to induce him to bet, but was given six cards to make a misdeal. But the amateur backed his four for all he was worth, and won, when his opponents charged him with having another card secreted about his person. A search revealed nothing, and he departed with his winnings. It was afterwards discovered that he had slipped the extra card into a sandwich which he was eating while playing, and had actually swallowed it.

Captain Eads is authority for the following. He wants the Mississippi River improved up to St. Louis:—"The present barge line to St. Louis began with 400 ton barges. They are now building 1,700 ton barges. There is no reason why vessels of 3,000 and 4,000 tons should not be used between St. Louis and New Orleans, except the want of sufficient depth. When the depth is secured, grain can be brought from St. Louis to New Orleans at three cents per bushel. Coal, weighing one quarter more per bushel, has been brought from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, 800 miles more distant, for that price."

The Gunnison County people say they have so much silver to send out, and they need so much food and fuel, that a railroad has become a necessity.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

Gas works have been introduced in Japan.

The first use of a locomotive in this country was in 1829.

At Fort Worth 120,000 buffalo skins were received last year.

The present annual liquor bill of the United States is $750,000,000.

The subscriptions to the popular four per cent loan up to date are $3,000,000.

The Governor of California receives the highest salary among governors, $9,000.

All honest criticism is helpful, even hypercriticism is of value, if rightly regarded.

The average steer in Texas is worth $9 24. The average steer in Massachusetts is worth $48 81, in New York, $33 15.

Twenty thousand tons of lead were produced in Nevada last year, nearly one third of the total production of the United States.

When the constitution was adopted there were 75 postoffices in the United States; now there are 41,000, and increasing monthly.

During the year just closed the United States sold 105,000,000 yards of cotton goods abroad, ten times more than was exported the year before.

The United States uses annually 70,000,000 bushels of grain in the manufacture of beer, ales, and liquors, and Great Britain uses 80 000,000 bushels for the same purpose.

Olive Logan writes to the Cincinnati *Enquirer* that James Gordon Bennett is now reported to be engaged to a brilliant French countess, of old family and large possessions.

San Francisco wants pure water and plenty of it, so a contract has been made to bring a full supply from the Blue Lakes, 125 miles from the city. The contractor is to get $10,000,000 for the job.

Experiments in California show that sugar can be extracted from water melons two cents per pound less than from sugar cane. Besides this, oil is made from the seed and alcohol from the rind.

Pope Pius IX died in the 87th year of his age, and in the 33d of his pontificate. The deceased Pontiff, who originally bore the name of Giovanna Maria Mastai Ferretti, was born in Sinigaglia, May 13, 1792.

Birds killed on the Western prairies and packed with paper in barrels, without freezing or any other artificial process of preservation, are sent to England by every steamer, and arrive in excellent condition.

Some parties in Minnesota have gone into the frog business. They protect the eggs by means of wire screens. Last year they had a crop of 3,000 dozen legs, which were shipped and brought remunerative prices.

Mr. Tennyson's youngest son, Lionel, is to be married at Westminster Abbey during the first week in March, to Miss Eleanor Locker, the daughter of that writer of delicate and charming verses, Mr. Frederick Locker.

A three year old girl at Rochester, N. Y., was taught to close her evening prayer, during the temporary absence of her father with, "And please watch over my papa." It sounded very sweet, but the mother's amazement may be imagined when the child added, "And you'd better keep an eye on mamma, too."

The coal production of the world has increased enormously since 1845. In that year Great Britain produced 31,500,000 tons; in 1874, 125,043,000. Belgium, in 1845, 4,960,077, in 1874, 14,669,000. France, in 1845, 4,141,617, in 1874, 16,949,000. Prussia, in 1845, 3,500,000, in 1874, 41,754,600. In the United States the production in 1875 was nearly ten times that in 1845.

The impurities that make water injurious to health are organic matters, such as are abundantly supplied by barn yards, drains, and cemeteries, where the decay of animal and vegetable substances is going on. Some families who live on farms, and who fancy they are drinking the best water, are, in fact, constantly imbibing poison that will appear, perhaps, in the dreaded form of diphtheria or typhoid fever.

When Mr. Archibald Forbes met Sir Samuel Baker and his wife on their return from Africa, the clever correspondent made the singular observation that Sir Samuel, who had lived on oat meal and water for months, took exception to the style in which the first fried sole he had eaten for many years was cooked, and that Lady Baker, who had worn a sack in Africa, could hardly find anything bright and beautiful enough in Mr. Worth's atelier to deck herself with.

A gentleman writing to the *Planter and Farmer* gives the following remedy for a choking cow. It will probably act just as well with other animals, and it will be well to remember it. He says it has never failed in any instance, and has been tried by him and others hundreds of times. The remedy is to take a spoonful of saltpeter, open the animal's mouth, throw it well back upon the tongue; let the animal go, and the obstruction will either go up or down in a very few minutes.

The report of the National Department of Agriculture for 1877, now in course of publication, states that the yield of wheat in the United States for the year was 360,000,000 bushels, or 50,000,000 more than was ever before produced. Deducting the amount necessary for home consumption in food and seed, upward of 110,000,000 can be spared for export. The acreage of winter wheat for 1878 is greater than that of 1877. The corn product was 1,300,000,000 bushels, with corresponding yields of oats and potatoes.

We want and must have at least 1,000 more subscribers to the GAZETTE, we don't want them all this week, but to come in gradually; if you cannot afford to pay for it, just come in and tell us what you can do. We want you to have the GAZETTE even if we have to trace it out in [illegible].

COLORADO SPRINGS
Retail Market Report.

SATURDAY, March 2, 1878.

Groceries.

Apples, dried, ℘ lb	10	25
Blackberries, dried, ℘ lb new	12½	15
Beans, ℘ lb	6¼	
Coffee, Rio, ℘ lb	23	25
Coffee Java, ℘ lb	35	40
Corn Meal ℘ 100 lbs	1 40	1 60
Cherries, dried ℘ lb	22	25
Currants, dried ℘ lb	11½	12½
Coal Oil ℘ gallon	35	45
Lard, ℘ lb	12½	15
Prunes, ℘ lb	12½	
Raspberries, dried, ℘ lb	37½	40
Raisins ℘ lb	17	25
Sugar, brown, ℘ lb	10	12½
Sugar extra C, ℘ lb	12	
Sugar, A coffee, ℘ lb	12½	
Sugar, cut loaf, ℘ lb	15	
Sugar, powdered ℘ lb	15	
Tea, green ℘ lb	60	1 40
Tea, black, ℘ lb	75	1 25
Bacon ℘ lb	9	14
Hams ℘ lb	12½	14

Butter and Eggs.

Butter states, ℘ lb	28	30
Butter ranch ℘ lb	30	35
Eggs, states, ℘ dozen	10	15
Eggs, ranch, ℘ dozen	20	25

Vegetables.

Beets, new ℘ lb	2½
Cabbage, ℘ lb	3
Onions, ℘ lb	5
Potatoes, ℘ lb	2½

Fruits.

Apples, ℘ lb	5
Cranberries ℘ quart	15

Meats and Game

Beef, ℘ lb	4	15
Dried Tongues ℘ dozen	4 80	
Dried Beef ℘ lb	18	
Corned Beef ℘ lb	5	8
Chickens, ℘ dozen	3 00	4 00
Mutton, ℘ lb	8	15
Pork ℘ lb	10½	15
Sausage Bologna, ℘ lb	15	
Sausage Pork ℘ lb	15	
Veal, ℘ lb	7	15

Flour, Grain, Hay, Etc.

Corn ℘ 100 lbs	1 10	1 15
Oats ℘ 100 lbs	1 35	1 40
Corn Chop ℘ 100 lbs	1 18	1 23
Mixed Feed ℘ 100 lbs	1 25	1 30
Corn Meal ℘ 100 lbs	1 40	1 45
Bran ℘ 100 lbs	1 00	1 05
XXXX Flour ℘ sack	[illegible]	3 25
Buckwheat Flour ℘ sack	6 00	
Hay ℘ ton	20 00	25 00

Lumber, Shingles, Sash, Etc.

Colorado Clear 1¼, 1½, & 2 in., ℘ M	40 00	
Clear 1 in ℘ M	35 00	
Flooring D & M ℘ M	30 00	35 00
Common Lumber ℘ M	25 00	
Chicago Clear 1¼, 1½ & 2 in ℘ M	75 00	
" 1 in ℘ M	50 00	
" Flooring D & M ℘ M	45 00	
" Clear Siding, ℘ M	30 00	
" Beaded Ceiling ℘ M	30 00	
Shingles ℘ M	5 00	
Lath ℘ M	6 00	
Doors 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in 1 in	1 75	
2 ft x 6 ft 1 3-16	2 00	
2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in 1 3-16	2 20	
2 ft 8 in x 6 ft 8 in 1 3-16	2 40	
2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in 1⅜	2 40	
2 ft 8 in x 6 ft 8 in 1⅜	2 60	
Sash Doors	4 00	4 50
Windows, glazed 8x10—12 light	1 50	
10x12—8	2 20	
10x14—8 "	2 30	
" " 12x14—8 "	2 70	
12x16—8	2 85	
Blinds, ℘ pair	2 00	2 50

STONE MASONS.

CLEMENT & RUSSELL,
Stone and Brick Masons,
WILL TAKE CONTRACTS
For large or small jobs. Estimates furnished and all work done in the best manner.
STONE CUTTING A SPECIALTY
Calcimining done on short notice.

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SOMERVILLE & STIRES,
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PAINTERS,
Paper Hangers, Glaziers, etc
Shop on Pike's Peak ave., between Tejon st. and Nevada Ave.

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

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Carpenter and Builder.
Shop, rear of lot on Tejon Street, opposite Post Office.
CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR BUILDING.
I AM PREPARED TO
MOVE HOUSES
Large or small on short notice, and in the most careful manner
Job Work at low rates a specialty.

K. C. PARTLETT G. B. SOUTHCOTTE.

BLACKSMITH
AND
WAGON SHOP,
[illegible] & [illegible],
PROPRIETORS.
Freighters will find it to their interest to call on us for their shoeing and wagon work. We know what they want and will guarantee to give them the best of work and material at reasonable figures.
Shop, foot of Huerfano Street,
Just east of the new bridge.
N. B.—The best of stabling and camping accommodations at Lincoln's old stand close by.

HARNESS, SADDLES, ETC

HARNESS, SADDLES,
[illegible]
AND EVERYTHING PERTAINING TO THE Saddlery and Harness business at
PETER BECKER'S,
Tejon street, one door north of Leonard's clothing house, Colorado Springs. Repairing promptly attended to.

L. C. EVANS,
GENERAL AGENT FOR
[illegible]
ADDRESS—P. O. Box 186.

G. S. ARNOLD,
AUCTIONEER,
TENDERS HIS SERVICES TO ANYBODY WHO may have anything to sell at public vendue.
CALL AT MORLEY'S
HUERFANO STREET, COLORADO SPRINGS.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS.
PIONEER NEWSPAPER OF COLORADO.
Established Apr. [illegible], [illegible].
Oldest, Largest, Cheapest, Best.
After your local town or county paper
TAKE THE NEWS.
Postage prepaid on all papers sent out.
DAILY NEWS, 36 columns, by mail, $10 per year or $1 per month.
WEEKLY NEWS, 48 columns, $2 per year; $1.25 for 6 months; 75 cents for three months.
First class Bindery, Blank Book Manufactory and Job Printing in connection.
Best advertising medium in Colorado.
Address [illegible]

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Photographer
Has completed his New Gallery near the Postoffice
MANITOU,
which is now open to the public. Facilities for the production of first class work being now greatly increased, he invites all desiring photographs, and especially those unfortunates who say they never could get a decent picture," to delay no longer but come
"Before decay's effacing fingers
Have swept the lines where beauty lingers."
PICTURES OF ALL KINDS
Made, Copied, Enlarged or Reduced,
IN ANY STYLE,
AND IN THE BEST MANNER
Look at the following reduction in prices.
VIEWS, $2 per doz.,
CARD PORTRAITS, $4 per doz.
CABINET, $7 per doz.
Hours for portraits during the winter from 9 to 2. *Morning is best* for children.
IMPORTANT NOTICE. Gallery always open for the sale of **Thurlow's Unrivalled Views,** but for portraits only on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of each week, except by special appointment.

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Contractor
and Builder,
COLORADO SPRINGS

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PLANING,
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SCROLL SAWING, ETC.
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EXTRA SIZE AND HOT-BED SASH.
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WILL SUPPLY
HOTELS, BOARDING HOUSES,
and PRIVATE FAMILIES
WITH
CHOICE MEATS
At all times.
Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork, and Game in season.

BOARD AT MANITOU.
FIRST-CLASS BOARD.
GOOD LODGING.
$10 PER WEEK.
AT MANITOU.
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BOARDING
NEW FIRST-CLASS
BOARDING HOUSE,
with fifteen good rooms on first floor.
Corner of Cascade and Vermijo Avenues, COLORADO SPRINGS.
MR. & MRS. SAMPLE, Proprietors.

S[illegible] is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. $66 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over $20 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. [illegible] Terms and $5 Outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

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UNDERTAKER,
AND DEALER IN FURNITURE AND CARPETS.
COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

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If not I would be pleased to have you investigate the standing and rates of the following First-Class Leading American and Foreign Companies

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QUEEN, of Liverpool, London,	12 500,000 00
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